Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the School Board Cedarburg School District Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cedarburg School District ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The financial information listed in the table of contents as other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 06, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 06, 2016 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016

To the Board of Education Cedarburg School District

The discussion and analysis of the School District of Cedarburg's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on the school district's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

At the close of fiscal 2016, the assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$31,628,935 (*net position*). For the year, net position increased by \$243,585.

Total governmental activities revenues were \$35,716,111; including \$21,702,979 of property and other taxes, \$9,242,452 of federal and state unrestricted aid, \$96,746 of miscellaneous revenues, \$2,365,639 of grants and contributions, and \$2,308,295 of charges for services. Total governmental activities expenditures were \$35,472,526; including \$20,664,478 for direct instruction.

The following events took place during fiscal 2016:

- A conservative approach to the budgeting process continues to place the District in a positive financial
 position. A budget forecasting model is used in the budget development process which reviews two years of
 historical data, and looks at current year budgeted data to provide budget projections for an additional four
 years. The Personnel and Finance Committee met monthly to discuss the budget development process.
 Changes to revenue and expenditure estimates were tracked on a Budget Projection and Reconciliation
 spreadsheet.
- The solid financial position of the District allowed for continuing maintenance and upgrade of the physical plant. In 2015-16, the District continued its program of roof repairs, boiler replacements and equipment updates. The final phase of the District Office HVAC renovation project was completed. At the High School, the Varsity Tennis Court project was started with completion slated for 2016-17. An upgraded District-wide phone system was installed by the Technology department as well as individual phones replaced throughout the District.
- The District retained its Aa1 rating from Moody's Investors Service. This high bond rating is an indicator of strong financial stability and enables the District to borrow at lower rates whereby a savings would be realized, should borrowing be needed.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements are comprised of 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition, other information supplementary to the basic financial statements is provided.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

- The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the activities reported and the type of information contained, is shown in the following table.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements						
	District-wide Statements	Governmental	Fiduciary					
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instruction, support services, debt service, capital projects, food service and community services.	Assets held by the District on behalf of someone else. Student and other organizations that have funds on deposit with the district are reported here.					
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position.Statement of Activities.	 Balance Sheet. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. 					
Basis of accounting and measurement focus	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting. Current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.					
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities; both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long-term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital; short-term and long-term. These funds do not currently contain any capital assets, although they can.					
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability are due and payable.	All additions or deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received and paid.					

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENTS

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Activities reports all revenues and expenses used to support the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets and liabilities available to support District activities. The two district-wide statements report the Districts *net position* and how they have changed. Net position, the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the District's overall financial position. Increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall financial condition of the District, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities should be considered.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental funds information does not report on long-term commitments as is reported on the district-wide statements.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for student organizations. The assets of these organizations belong to the organization and not the District. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1, below, provides a summary of the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2016 compared to 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position
(In thousands of dollars)

				Percentage
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Change <u>2015-16</u>
Assets			<u> </u>	<u>=0.10_10</u>
Current and other assets	\$	10,515 \$	10,466	-0.47%
Net pension asset		3,090		-100.00%
Capital assets	_	27,785	27,059	-2,61%
Total assets		41,389	37,525	-9.34%
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Unamortized loss on refunding		1,005	736	-26.77%
Outflows related to pensions	<u>_</u>	2,681	10,754	301.11%
Total deferred outflow of resources		3,686	11,490	211.72%
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities		10,302	10,591	2.81%
Other liabilities	_	3,388	2,542	-24.97%
Total liabilities		13,690	13,133	-4.07%
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	_		4,254	100.00%
Total deferred inflow of resources			4,254	100.00%
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets		17,023	17,786	4.48%
Restricted		6,395	5,482	-14.28%
Unrestricted	_	7,967	8,361	4.95%
Total net position	\$ _	31,385 \$	31,629	0.78%

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Table 2 provides summarized operating results and their impact on net position.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results
(In thousands of dollars)

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Percentage Change <u>2015-16</u>
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 2,503	\$ 2,308	-7,79%
Operating grants & contributions	2,402	2,336	-2.75%
Capital grants & contributions	30	30	0.00%
General revenues			
Property and other taxes	21,453	21,703	1.17%
State and federal unrestricted aid	9,020	9,242	2.46%
Other	69	97	40.58%
Total Revenues	35,477	35,716	0.67%
Expenses			
Instruction	19,106	20,664	8.16%
Pupil & instructional services	3,290	3,409	3.62%
Administration, central & support services	3,923	4,378	11.60%
Maintenance & operations	3,308	3,428	3.63%
Transportation	1,110	1,117	0.63%
Interest on debt	461	448	-2.82%
Food service	757	732	-3.30%
Community services	96	105	9.38%
Other	1,173	1,194	1.79%
Total Expenses	33,224	 35,472	6.77%
Change in net position	\$ 2,254	\$ 244	

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding

The District relies primarily on property taxes (60.8% of total governmental revenues) and state and federal unrestricted aid (25.9%) to fund governmental activities.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Table 3 presents the cost of the major district activities. The table reports each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities
(in thousands of dollars)

	Total Cost		Percentage	Net	Cost	Percentage		
	of Se	rvices	Change	of Se	rvices	Change		
	2015	2016	2015-16	2015	2016	2015-16		
Expenses								
Instruction	19,106	20,664	13.58%	15,301	17,127	11.93%		
Pupil & Instructional Services	3,290	3,409	8.88%	3,171	3,281	3.47%		
Admin, Central & Support Serv.	3,923	4,378	16.57%	3,923	4,378	11.60%		
Maintenance & Operations	3,308	3,428	6.32%	3,230	3,343	3.50%		
Transportation	1,110	1,117	0.63%	1,067	1,080	1.22%		
Interest on Debt	461	448	-2.82%	461	448	-2.82%		
Food Service	757	732	-3.30%	(96)	(120)	-25.00%		
Community Services	96	105	9.38%	59	66	11.86%		
Unallocated Depreciation	1,173	1,194	1.79%	1,173	1,194	1.79%		
	33,224	35,472	11.27%	28,289	30,799	8.87%		

Note: totals may not add due to rounding.

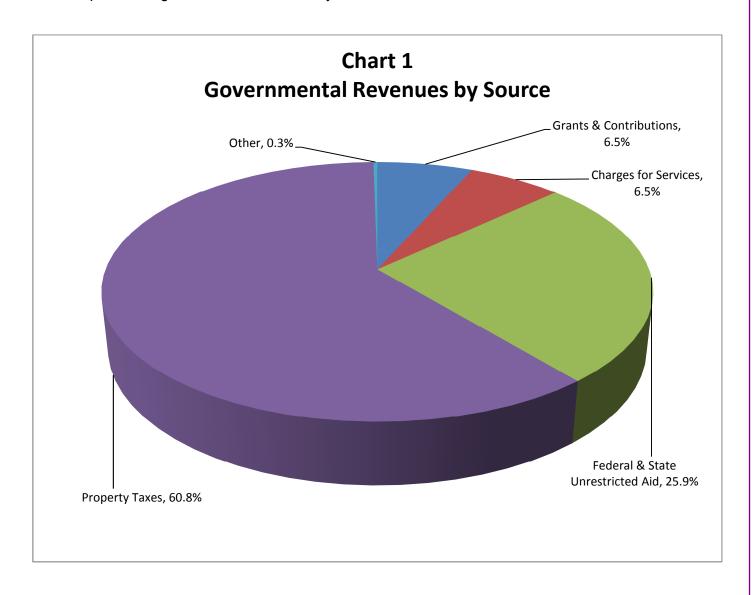
The cost of all governmental activities in 2015-16 was \$35,472,526. Individuals who directly participated or benefited from a program offering paid for \$2,308,295 of costs. Federal and state governments and other organizations subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$2,365,639. The net cost of governmental activities \$30,798,592 was financed by general revenues of the District (\$21,702,979 property and other taxes, \$9,242,452 federal and state unrestricted aid and \$96,746 other).

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

The composition of governmental revenues by source is illustrated below in Chart 1.

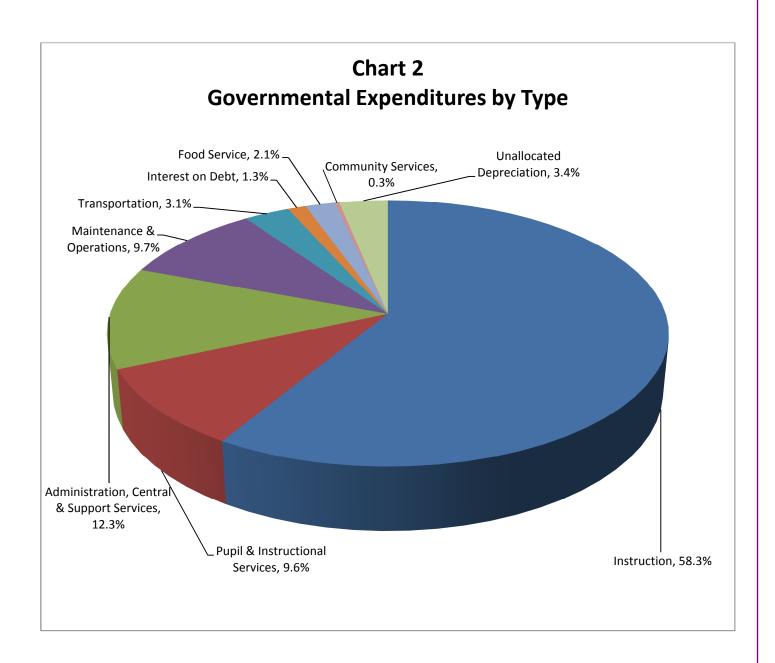


Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

The composition of governmental expenditures by type is illustrated below in Chart 2.



Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District prepares a preliminary budget in June for the subsequent year (beginning July 1st), consistent with current state statutes and regulations. This preliminary budget is approved in July and presented at the District's Budget Hearing in August. In October, the budget is amended and a final tax levy is approved, when official enrollment, certification of general state aid and equalized value is received. Additional budget revisions may be made during the fiscal year to reflect modifications in state and federal grants and other changes to the budget.

The District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$9,750,807 up from last year's ending fund balance of \$8,940,022.

- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$401,359. This is due to several factors. The District continued to budget for a planned positive fund balance for its 2016-17 bonus retention program in the amount of \$137,250. In addition, a fund balance commitment was passed by the Board in the amount of \$225,097 to cover District expenses on the High School Varsity Tennis Court project. The remaining unexpended funds included positive balances in utilities, transportation, strategic wellness, and legal expense which were set aside to cover an anticipated 2016-17 budget shortfall due to the City of Cedarburg no longer paying their ½ share of the Varsity Tennis Court project.
- The debt service fund had an increase of \$290,567. This increase is due to the district levying
 a certain amount in anticipation of paying off debt early in the future. The fund balance of the
 debt service fund will fluctuate each year based on the amount of the first payment due the
 next fiscal year.
- The food service program increased its fund balance by \$119,318.
- The community service fund had a \$4,834 increase in its fund balance.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the District had invested \$51,516,484 in capital assets, including buildings; sites and equipment (see Table 4). Total accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$24,457,041. Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$718,696. The District recognized depreciation expense of \$1,194,315. (Detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.)

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of depreciation, in thousands of dollars. Differences due to rounding.)

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Percentage Change <u>2015-16</u>
Land	\$ 340	\$ 340	0.00%
Building & Improvements	46,403	46,565	0.35%
Furniture & Equipment	4,365	4,611	5.64%
Accumulated depreciation	(23,323)	(24,457)	4.86%
Net Capital Assets	\$ 27,785	\$ 27,059	-2.61%

Long-term Debt

At year-end the District had \$10,010,000 in bonds payable outstanding – a decrease of \$1,755,000 (14.92%) from fiscal 2015. This decrease resulted from repayments of principal. The District also had a \$2,507 obligation for compensated absences. (Detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.)

Table 5
Outstanding Long-term Obligations
(In thousands of dollars. Differences due to rounding.)

		<u>2015</u>		<u> 2016</u>	Percentage Change <u>2015-16</u>
General obligation bonds and notes Compensated absences	\$	11,765 4	\$	10,010 3	-14.92% -25.00%
Net long-term obligations	\$ _	11,819	\$ _	10,013	-15.28%

General Obligation debt of the District is secured by an irrepealable tax levy adopted by the School Board at the time of issuance. Wisconsin state statutes require that the first property tax receipts be segregated for annual debt service payments.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Currently known circumstances that will impact the District's financial status in the future include:

- Membership increased by 87 FTEs in 2016-17 due to the introduction of a 4K program and a
 rise in resident students. Open enrollment in and out numbers also increased leading to a net
 gain of 39 students in the open enrollment surplus. A rise in membership and open enrollment
 will lead to more revenue, but the District will also need to keep an eye on the impact of more
 students in the District and the demand that puts on resources.
- The District has been approved for a 4K grant that will provide additional revenue in 2016-17 and 2017-18. These funds will help offset some of the startup and ongoing costs of the program.
- The District was fortunate to receive a zero percent increase in its health insurance rates for 2017. A wellness assessment program is scheduled to start in the fall of 2016 in an effort to help maintain low renewal rates in the future.
- A large LED light project will start in 2016-17 and is set to finish at the end of the 2017-18 fiscal year. When completed, the District anticipates an annual utility savings of \$250,000. The initial investment in the program will be \$1,200,000 spread over two fiscal years.
- The District will be using \$450,000 of its general fund balance in 2016-17 to renovate tennis courts at the High School.
- The District will continue to monitor the progress of the 2017-19 biennial budget from the State since the allocation of funds to public education has a large impact on finances each year.
- The current state budget continues to provide challenges for school districts with changes to school funding of private school vouchers, special education and new fiscal requirements.
 The careful review and management of changes will impact how and the extent to which the Cedarburg School District is able to continue providing outstanding results for its students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ben Irwin, Director of Business Services, Cedarburg School District, (262) 376-6100, W68 N611 Evergreen Blvd., Cedarburg, WI 53012.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,884,414
Investments	2,021,533
Taxes receivable	4,593,351
Accounts receivable	43,567
Due from employee benefits trust	1,076
Due from agency fund	1,184
Due from other governments	811,026
Prepaid expense	109,839
Total current assets	10,465,990
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	352,263
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	26,707,180
Total capital assets	27,059,443
Total assets	37,525,433
Deferred Outflow of Resources:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	10,754,262
Unamortized loss on refunding	736,175
Total deferred outflow of resources	11,490,437
Liabilities: Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	245,706
Withholdings and related fringes payable	442,829
Accrued interest	51,912
Deposits payable	10,000
Unearned revenues	16,648
Current portion of long-term debt	1,775,000
Total current liabilities	2,542,095
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term obligations	8,237,507
Net pension liability	2,017,114
Accrued liability for other post-employment benefits	284,230
Accrued liability for retirement stipends	52,181
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,591,032
Total liabilities	13,133,127
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	4,253,808
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	17,785,618
Restricted for:	
WRS pension	4,483,340
Debt service	382,779
Food service	533,714
Other activities	82,495
Unrestricted	8,360,989
Total net position	\$ 31,628,935

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net

	Program Revenues							(Expenses)	
		Expenses		Charges for Services	-10	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:								-	· <u></u>
Instruction:									
Regular instruction	\$	14,583,116	\$	1,425,670	\$	312,742	\$ -		\$ (12,844,704)
Special education instruction		3,800,801		9,230		1,697,814	-		(2,093,757)
Vocational instruction		979,010					-		(979,010)
Other instruction		1,301,551		91,915			_		(1,209,636)
Total instruction		20,664,478		1,526,815		2,010,556	_		(17,127,107)
Support services:									
Pupil services		1,534,581					_		(1,534,581)
Instructional staff services		1,874,500				128,170	-		(1,746,330)
Administration services		2,792,603					-		(2,792,603)
Operation and maintenance of plant		3,428,327		54,450			30,00	00	(3,343,877)
Pupil transportation		1,116,737				36,603	-		(1,080,134)
Central services		1,072,844					-		(1,072,844)
Other support services		512,986					-		(512,986)
Community services		100,409		34,881			-		(65,528)
Food service		732,240		692,149		160,310	-		120,219
Interest on debt		448,506					-		(448,506)
Unallocated depreciation		1,194,315					-		(1,194,315)
Total support services		14,808,048		781,480		325,083	30,00	0	(13,671,485)
Total school district	\$	35,472,526	\$	2,308,295	\$	2,335,639	\$ 30,00	10	(30,798,592)
	Gene	ral revenues:							
	Tax	es:							
	Pı	operty taxes, le	vied	I for general purpo	ses				19,412,977
	Pi	operty taxes, le	vied	I for debt service					2,220,253
	Pi	operty taxes, le	vied	for specific purpo	ses				66,600
	0	ther taxes							3,149
	Fed	eral and state a	id n	ot restricted to spe	cifi	c purposes:			
	G	eneral							8,776,601
	0	ther							465,851
	Inte	rest and investr	nent	t earnings					9,742
	Los	s on asset retire	eme	nt					(18,172)
	Spe	cial Item: Laws	uit s	ettlement with WE	A T	rust			46,835
	Mis	cellaneous						-	58,341
		Changes in net	t po	sition					243,585
	Net p	osition - begin	ning	g of year				_	31,385,350
	Net p	osition - end o	f ye	ar				_	\$ 31,628,935

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

Assets:		<u>General</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>		Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,894,543	\$		\$	989,871	\$	2,884,414
Investments	•	2,020,783	,		·	750	·	2,021,533
Taxes receivable		4,593,351						4,593,351
Accounts receivable		6,355				37,212		43,567
Due from other funds		215,000						215,000
Due from employee benefits trust		1,076						1,076
Due from agency fund		1,184						1,184
Due from other governments		807,443				3,583		811,026
Prepaid expense		76,438				33,401		109,839
Total assets	\$	9,616,173	\$		\$	1,064,817	\$	10,680,990
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Withholdings and related fringes payable Due to other funds Deposits payable Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$	242,258 442,280 10,000 13,037 707,575	\$	215,000 215,000	\$	3,448 549 3,611 7,608	\$	245,706 442,829 215,000 10,000 16,648 930,183
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		76,438				33,401		109,839
Restricted						965,587		965,587
Committed		593,842						593,842
Assigned				(045.000)		58,221		58,221
Unassigned	1	8,238,318		(215,000)		4.057.000		8,023,318
Total fund balances	_	8,908,598		(215,000)		1,057,209		9,750,807
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,616,173	\$		\$	1,064,817	\$	10,680,990

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - o	governmental	funds
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\$ 9,750,807

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds:

Cost of the assets \$ 51,516,484
Accumulated depreciation (24,457,041)

The District's proportionate share of the WRS net pension liability is recorded as a noncurrent liability on the statement of net position, but is not reported in the governmental funds.

(2,017,114)

27,059,443

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

6,500,454

Long-term debt, and related items, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Debt and related items at year-end consists of:

Bonds payable10,010,000Accrued liability for other post employment benefits284,230Accrued liability for retirement stipends52,181Unamortized loss on refunding(736,175)Compensated absences2,507

(9,612,743)

Accrued interest payable on the bonds is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.

(51,912)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 31,628,935

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

						Total
		Capital	ı	Nonmajor	Go	overnmental
	General	Projects		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Revenues:						
Local	\$ 19,960,248	\$ 30,000	\$	3,065,880	\$	23,056,128
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin	1,058,877					1,058,877
Intermediate sources	16,919					16,919
State	10,504,262			6,949		10,511,211
Federal	832,611			153,361		985,972
Other	58,341					58,341
Total revenues	32,431,258	30,000		3,226,190		35,687,448
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Current	19,281,988			57,771		19,339,759
Interdistrict	400,050					400,050
Capital outlay	11,868			10,685		22,553
Support Services:						
Current	11,910,220			846,812		12,757,032
Capital outlay	485,767			1,276		487,043
Debt service	9,678			1,930,220		1,939,898
Total expenditures	32,099,571			2,846,764		34,946,335
Excess of revenues over	224 607	20.000		070 400		744 440
expenditures	 331,687	30,000		379,426		741,113
Special Items:						
Insurance proceeds for wind damage	22,837					22,837
Lawsuit settlement with WEA Trust	46,835					46,835
Total special items	 69,672					69,672
Net change in fund balances	401,359	30,000		379,426		810,785
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year	8,507,239	(245,000)		677,783		8,940,022
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 8,908,598	\$ (215,000)	\$	1,057,209	\$	9,750,807

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 810,785
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$ (1,194,315) 509,596	
		(684,719)
In the statement of activities, losses on the disposal of assets are shown; whereas, in the governmental funds only the proceeds on the disposal (if any) are shown. Insurance proceeds for wind damage	(22,837)
Loss on asset disposal	(18,172	,
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Bonds payable Promissory note	1,620,000 135,000	
		1,755,000
In the statement of activities, post-employment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		(44,642)
In the statement of activities, retirement stipends are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		(2,270)
In the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expenses. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		
District pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	1,175,291 (2,462,976)	<u>)</u>
		(1,287,685)
Amortization reduces the balance of the respective liabilities and deferred outflows. The amortization is an expenditure in the statement of net position, but is not shown in the governmental funds.		
Unamortized discount on debt issuance Unamortized loss on refunding	(1,638) (268,315)	
Gramoruzed 1935 Of Federaling	(200,313)	(269,953)
In the statement of activities compensated absences and retirement stipends are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		1,733
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities; however,		
interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		6,345
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 243,585

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2016

	Private		Employee		A	gency
	Purpose T	<u>rusts</u>	Benefit Tru	<u>ısts</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
Assets:						
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2	26,261	\$ 542	,012	\$	290,742
Investments						1,455
Total assets	2	26,261	542	,012		292,197
Liabilities:						
Due to student groups						291,013
Due to other funds			1	,076		1,184
Total liabilities			1	,076		292,197
Net Position:						
Restricted	2	26,261	540	,936		
Total net position	\$ 2	26,261	\$ 540	,936	\$	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Pri	ivate	Emp	oloyee
	Purpos	se Trusts	<u>Benef</u>	it Trusts
Additions:				
Interest	\$	22	\$	443
Gifts		25,256		
Contributions to employee benefit trust				967,894
Total additions		25,278		968,337
Deductions:				
Trust fund disbursements	-	37,818		873,689
Total deductions		37,818		873,689
Change in net position		(12,540)		94,648
Net position - June 30, 2015		38,801		446,288
Net position - June 30, 2016	\$	26,261	\$	540,936

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Introduction

The Cedarburg School District ("District") is organized as a unified school district. The District, governed by a seven-member elected school board, is fiscally independent with taxing and borrowing powers. Services provided by the District are primary and secondary education and special education.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies used by the District are discussed below.

B. Component Units

GAAP require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the general purpose financial statements. The District has no component units, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues have been classified to the function where the majority of the expenditures relating to it have been incurred. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It is also used to account for activities associated with providing educational programs for students with disabilities.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources of the District to be used for capital expenditures related to buildings and sites.

The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student and parent organizations in a fiduciary agency fund. The District accounts for fiduciary activities for employee post-employment benefits in an employee benefit trust fund and for scholarships in a private purpose trust fund.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted resources may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Cash and equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash on hand, money markets and demand deposits. Cash balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

F. Investments

The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period.

As discussed in Footnote 2, the District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by GAAP. The investment's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. Valuation methodologies used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2016.

Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP): The LGIP is part of the State of Wisconsin Investment Fund (SIF). Per the SIF, the carrying value of securities depends on asset class and maturity date. Repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Short-term debt investments with remaining maturities up to ninety days are carried at amortized cost. All short-term investments with remaining maturities of over ninety days are carried at market value. SIF compiles fair values from third party pricing services which use matrix pricing models to estimate a security's fair value.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the District believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Interest income on commingled investments of district accounting funds is allocated based on average investment balances. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the statement of activities, statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and statement of changes in fiduciary net position as increases or decreases in investment income.

Investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

The District has adopted *GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, which allows participants in qualifying investment pools to elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. This District's investment in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative is valued at amortized cost.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are budgeted. The District tax levy is certified in November of the current fiscal year for collection by the taxing municipalities based on the past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. The District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. Under the Wisconsin Statutes, Washington and Ozaukee County purchase the outstanding property taxes of the District in August of each year. This statutory guarantee assures the District full collection of all property taxes within sixty days of its year end, and hence, the availability of these funds to finance expenditures of the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied.

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds is identified as due to/from other funds. The noncurrent portion of outstanding balances between funds is reported as advances to/from other funds. Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The District does not have any advances between funds.

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct writeoff method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

H. Interfund Transactions

Individual fund transfers and interfund receivables and payable activity for the year ending June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount		
Transfers:						
None						
Due to/from:						
Trust disbursements	General	Employee Benefits	\$	1,076		
Operations	General	Agency Fund		1,184		
Funding of projects	General	Capital Projects		215,000		
			\$	217,260		

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expenses as incurred and betterments are capitalized as assets. Upon disposal of land, buildings and equipment, a gain or loss is reflected in the statement of activities. Property and equipment and related depreciation expense are not reflected in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 25,000	Straight-line	20 - 50 years
Equipment and furniture	5,000	Straight-line	5 - 20 years

J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports a deferred outflow of resources for its deferred charge on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District also reports deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

K. Net Position

The GASB has established standards for reporting deferred outflows and inflows of resources and net position. Under GASB, the District classifies net position in the government wide financial statements as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)
 reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement for those assets.
- Restricted Net Position includes balances that have limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position the residual balances that do not fall into the other two categories

The District applies restricted resources when expense is incurred for purposes for which both a restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Fund Balances

The GASB has defined the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form and cannot be converted to cash or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are
 intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, the School Board has
 authorized the Director of Business Services to assign funds. The intent of the assigned funds may change
 with appropriate approvals as decided by the Director of Business Services.
- Unassigned the residual classification for the General Fund (fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund), and deficit fund balances within other funds.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy: The District has established the following order of spending when various funding sources exist: (1) Restricted, (2) Committed, (3) Assigned, (4) Unassigned.

M. Sick Pay and Vacation

Teachers are granted ten paid sick days per year, cumulative to seventy-five days. Non-teachers are granted up to ten sick days per year, cumulative to seventy-five days. Unused sick pay is not paid out upon retirement or termination of employment.

Full-time twelve-month employees are granted up to four weeks paid vacation per year. The number of vacation weeks an employee is eligible for depends on years of full-time service. Vacation days may not accumulate from year to year.

As of June 30, 2016, there is one employee that retired before the above policies were adopted. As a result, that employee is eligible for payout of unused accumulated sick days under the previous policy. The liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the unpaid compensated absences are not expected to be paid using expendable available resources and, therefore, the liability is not reported.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Other Assets

Expendable supplies or noncapital items acquired for initial use in subsequent fiscal periods are recorded as prepaid expenses. Prepaid insurance represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30th and have not yet been earned by the recipient.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The WRS adopted GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73 during the year ended December 31, 2015. Statement No. 82 addressed the presentation of payroll-related measures in the Required Supplementary Information, the selection of assumptions used in determining the total pension liability and related measures, and the classification of employer-paid member contributions. The adjustment to the beginning balances was not significant to the District and therefore no prior period adjustment was made.

Q. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be distributed (December 06, 2016). Except for the information in Note 3 regarding short-term borrowing and Note 11 regarding payment on contingent liability and construction commitments, there were no subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. Cash and Equivalents and Investments

Cash and equivalents and investments as shown on the District's statement of net position are subject to the following risks:

	Custodial Balance	Carrying Amount	Risks
Cash and equivalents:			
Demand deposits	\$ 4,660,346 \$	3,221,142	Custodial
Money market	520,937	520,937	Custodial
Petty cash		1,350	
Investment:			
State of Wisconsin Local Government			
Investment Pool	2,010,610	2,010,610	Custodial and interest rate
Wisconsin Investment Series Coop	12,378	12,378	Interest rate, credit and custodial
Total cash and investments	\$ 7,204,271 \$	5,766,417	
Reconciliation to Financial Statements: Per statement of net position:			
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,884,414	
Investments		2,021,533	
Per statement of fiduciary net position:			
Cash and equivalents		859,015	
Investments		1,455	
Total cash and investments	\$	5,766,417	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000. Deposits in each local and area bank and the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000 per financial institution. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual districts. Investments in the local government investment pool are covered under a surety bond issued by Financial Security Assurance, Inc. The bond insures against losses arising from principal defaults on substantially all types of securities acquired by the pool. The bond provides unlimited coverage on principal losses, reduced by any FDIC, SDGF insurance, and income on the investment during the calendar quarter a loss occurs.

Custodial Risk: Is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's carrying value for cash and investments were \$5,766,417 at June 30, 2016 and the bank's carrying value was \$7,204,271, of which \$1,050,000 was fully insured, \$4,531,283 was collateralized by pledged securities and \$1,622,988 was uninsured. The District does not have a policy on custodial risk.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits the maturity of any security to no more than seven years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state statutes. The District's policy is that all investment transactions shall be planned to avoid loss of capital from market risk. All investments have a maturity date of less than one year.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The District's investment policy minimized credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities. The District's policy is that all investment transactions shall be planned to avoid loss of capital from credit risk. The District's investment in WISC has a AAA rating as of June 30, 2016.

The LGIP does not have a credit quality rating. It is part of the SIF and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The District has no regulatory oversight for the LGIP. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF is audited annually by the State of Wisconsin Legislative Audit Bureau, an independent auditor. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually and carries investments at amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants. Participants in LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At June 30, 2016, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

A separate financial report for the SIF is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Copies of the report can be obtained from the State of Wisconsin Investment Board, P.O. Box 7842, Madison, WI 53707.

The District has investments in WISC consisting of Cash Management Series Construction Fund (CMS). The CMS has no minimum investment period, allows check writing privileges, and the average dollar weighted maturity is ninety (90) days or less. WISC is organized by and operated exclusively for Wisconsin public schools, technical colleges, and municipal entities. WISC is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under Wisconsin Intergovernmental Cooperation Statutes, Section 66.0301. WISC is governed by the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative Commission in accordance with the terms of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Agreement. WISC invests District funds in accordance with Wisconsin Law. Investment income is distributed to participants based on their relative participation during the period. Participants in WISC have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice.

A separate financial report for WISC is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Copies of the report can be obtained by contacting the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. Cash and Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by GAAP. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

The following summarizes the classification of investments within the statement of net position by classification and method of valuation in accordance with the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ending June 30, 2016:

		_	F	_			
Description	 Total	. <u>-</u>	(Level 1)	 (Level 2)	(Level 3)	-	Exempt from Disclosure
Investment pools:							
LGIP	\$ 2,010,610	\$		\$ 2,010,610	\$ 	\$	
WISC	12,378						12,378
	\$ 2,022,988	\$		\$ 2,010,610	\$ 	\$	12,378

WISC is exempt from fair value disclosure due to investments being valued at amortized cost.

Wisconsin Statute 66.0603 authorizes the District to invest in the following types of instruments:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company, or savings and loan association that is authorized to transact business in Wisconsin if the time deposit matures in not more than three years.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the federal government or by a commission, board, or other instrumentality of the federal government (U.S. Treasuries and U.S. agencies).
- Bonds or securities of any Wisconsin county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district.
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, or local professional stadium district created under subchapter III or IV of chapter 229 of the Wisconsin statutes or bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals or Clinics Authority.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less of the acquisition date with either the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of open-end management investment companies or investment trusts if the portfolio is collateralized by bonds or securities, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- A local government investment pool, subject to certain conditions.

The District has adopted an investment policy which permits all investments allowed under the state statutes as described above.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

3. Short-Term Notes Payable

Short-term notes payable at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Balance			Balance
June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016
\$ \$	2,000,000 \$	2,000,000 \$	

The note was dated November 10, 2015 due March 30, 2016, with an interest rate of 1.0%. Interest for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$7,778. The note was for general district operation. Subsequent to year end, the board approved entering into a new note in the amount of \$1,800,000.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

		Balance	A.1.11(C	Dad attace	Balance
	_	July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Sites	\$	339,600 \$	\$	\$	339,600
Construction in progress		209,100	12,663	209,100	12,663
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		46,193,594	436,264	76,965	46,552,893
Equipment	_	4,365,590	269,769	24,031	4,611,328
Total capital assets being depreciated		50,559,184	706,033	100,996	51,164,221
Less accumulated depreciation		23,322,713	1,194,315	59,987	24,457,041
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_				
of accumulated depreciation	_	27,236,471	(488, 282)	41,009	26,707,180
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	27,785,171 \$	(475,619) \$	250,109 \$	27,059,443

All depreciation expense was charged to unallocated depreciation.

5. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term Liabilities of the District are as follows:

Туре	 Balance July 1, 2015	-	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Amounts due within one year
G.O. Bonds	\$ 11,630,000	\$	\$	1,620,000	\$ 10,010,000 \$	1,775,000
G.O. Promissory Note	135,000			135,000		
Compensated absences	4,240			1,733	2,507	
Total	\$ 11,769,240	\$	\$	1,756,733	\$ 10,012,507 \$	1,755,000

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

5. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Total interest paid and expensed (including accrual) during the year for the year ended June 30, 2016 on long-term liabilities was \$174,770 and \$168,425, respectively.

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. The long-term debt will be retired by future property tax levies and resources accumulated in the Debt Service Fund.

General obligation debt at June 30, 2016 is comprised of the following individual issues:

Description	Issue Dates	Interest Rates (%)	Dates of Maturity	Balance June 30, 2016
\$13,860,000 G.O. refunding bond	12/4/12	0.35 - 2.85%	9/1/25	\$ 10,010,000

The 2015 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,206,204,907. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2016, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt limit (10% of \$2,206,204,907)	\$ 220,620,491
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	10,010,000
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 210,610,491

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal and interest on June 30, 2016 follow:

Year Ended					
June 30 ,	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2017	\$ 1,775,000	\$	155,735	\$	1,930,735
2018	1,795,000		139,760		1,934,760
2019	1,815,000		119,118		1,934,118
2020	1,845,000		92,800		1,937,800
2021	1,880,000		60,513		1,940,513
2022-2025	900,000		60,585		960,585
Totals	\$ 10,010,000	\$	628,511	\$	10,638,511

Certain outstanding debt of the District has been defeased by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds in irrevocable escrow accounts. The principal and interest amounts in escrow provide cash flows sufficient to pay principal and interest of the defeased bonds in accordance with the schedule of remaining payments due. Accordingly, the escrow account and the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. The balance of defeased bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 is \$17,865,000.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

6. Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2016, fund balance components other than unassigned fund balances consist of the following:

	Nonspendable	 Restricted	Committed	Assigned
General Fund:				
Prepaid expense	\$ 76,438	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Teacher bonus compensation			137,250	
Strategic wellness program			20,000	
Tennis court project			212,434	
Offset reduction in revenue due to declining enrollment		82.495	224,158	
Special revenue trust		02,493		
Food service: Prepaid expense	33,401			
Food service program		500,313		
Debt service		382,779		
Community service				58,221
Total	\$ 109,839	\$ 965,587	\$ 593,842	\$ 58,221

The capital projects fund had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2016 of \$215,000. This deficit will be financed through future revenues of the fund.

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011 are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions are required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2006	0.8%	3%
2007	3.0	10
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period (Calendar year 2015), the WRS recognized \$1,175,291 in contributions from the employer.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2016 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers)	6.6%	6.6%
Executives & Elected Officials	6.6%	6.6%
Protective with Social Security	6.6%	9.4%
Protective without Social Security	6.6%	13.2%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$2,017,114 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014 rolled forward to December 31, 2015. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.1241%, which was a decrease of 0.0017% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,462,976.

At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred

Deferred

ces
1,983
3,825
3,808
4

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (continued)

\$695,428 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflow of
Year Ended June 30,	Resources	Resources
2017	\$ 2,613,928	\$ 1,029,429
2018	2,613,928	1,029,429
2019	2,613,927	1,029,429
2020	2,171,901	1,029,430
2021	45,150	136,091

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2014
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Market Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%
Discount Rate:	7.2%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2012 using experience from 2009 – 2011. The total pension liability for December 31, 2015 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation	Destination Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equities	27.0%	23.0%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	24.5	22.0	8.5	5.6
Fixed Income	27.5	37.0	4.4	1.6
Inflation Sensitive Assets	10.0	20.0	4.2	1.4
Real Estate	7.0	7.0	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	7.0	7.0	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4.0	4.0	6.7	3.8
Total core fund	107.0%	120%	7.4	4.5
Variable Fund Asset Class				
U.S. Equities	70.0%	70.0%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	30.0	30.0	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100.0%	100.0%	7.9%	5.0%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast 2.75% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.56%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.20%)	Current Discount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase To Discount Rate (8.20%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	\$ 14,148,079	\$ 2,017,114	\$ (7,457,385)	

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Payables to the pension plan at June 30, 2016 were \$429,479. This represents contributions earned as of June 30, 2016, but for which payment was not remitted to the pension plan until subsequent to year-end.

8. Cedarburg School District Post-Employment Benefits

The following information conforms to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Description of Plan

The District offers voluntary retirement benefits to its teachers hired before October 1, 2011 and administrators who have met the age and years of service requirements. In addition, the District's group health insurance plan provides coverage to active employees and retirees (or other qualified terminated employees) at blended premium rates. Both of these result in an other post-employment benefit (OPEB), the latter commonly referred to as an implicit rate subsidy.

Employees participating in the OPEB benefit consisted of the following at July 1, 2015 the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees	54
Active	265
Number of participating employees	319

The District also provides the superintendent and teachers who have met the age and years of service requirements with a stipend (supplemental pension) benefit upon their retirement.

Funding Policy

OPEB

The District is required to provide contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. Active plan members are not required to contribute toward these benefits. The Board of Education has established an irrevocable Employee Benefit Trust for funding the other postemployment benefit liability. Payments are expended in the general fund and the revenue is recorded in the Employee Benefit Trust Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District contributed \$920,112 into the trust. For fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$646,631 to eligible retirees. In addition, the District had an implicit rate subsidy that it "funded" for fiscal year 2016 in the amount of \$227,058.

Stipend (Supplemental Pension)

The District is required to provide contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. Active plan members are not required to contribute toward these benefits. The District has not established a trust to fund these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District paid \$119,585 for the benefit of retirees.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. Cedarburg School District Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB and Stipend Costs and Recognized Obligation

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) and stipend costs (expenses) are calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years for OPEB and six years for stipend costs.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB and stipend costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB and stipend obligations:

	•	OPEB	 Stipend	_	Total
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	968,363	\$ 129,384	\$	1,097,747
Interest on net OPEB/stipend obligation		11,979	1,996		13,975
Adjustment to ARC		(15,588)	(9,525)		(25,113)
Annual OPEB/ stipend cost		964,754	121,855		1,086,609
Contributions made		(920,112)	(119,585)		(1,039,697)
Change in net OPEB/stipend obligation		44,642	2,270		46,912
Net OPEB/stipend obligation – beginning of year		239,588	49,911		289,499
Net OPEB/stipend obligation – end of year	\$	284,230	\$ 52,181	\$	336,411

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the most recent three years were as follows:

 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed		Net OPEB Obligation		
\$ 1,280,718 1,280,691	99% 98%	\$	218,679 239,588		
- \$	OPEB Cost \$ 1,280,718	OPEB Cost Contributed \$ 1,280,718 99% 1,280,691 98%	OPEB Cost Contributed \$ 1,280,718 99% \$ 1,280,691 98%	OPEB Cost Contributed Obligation \$ 1,280,718 99% \$ 218,679 1,280,691 98% 239,588	

The District's annual stipend (supplement pension costs), the percentage of annual supplemental pension costs contributed to the plan, and the net supplemental pension benefits obligation for the most recent three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage Contributed		Net Stipend Obligation			
2014	 \$	79,057	346%	- \$	120,924			
2015		81,990	187%		49,911			
2016		121,855	98%		52,181			

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. Cedarburg School District Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Funding Status

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	Unfunded Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2015 OPEB	\$	446.288	\$	8,109,754	\$	7,663,466	5.5%	\$	18,149,084	42.2%
	Ψ	770,200	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	, ,		Ψ	, ,	
Stipend				562,908		562,908	0.0%		18,149,084	3.1%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial valuation date 7/1/15

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal – level % of salary

Amortization method 30 (OPEB) and 6 (Stipend) year open level dollar

Market value

Remaining amortization period 30 years (OPEB), 6 years (Stipend)

Asset valuation method

Investment rate of return*

Actuarial assumptions:

5.00% (OPEB), 4.00% (Stipend)

Medical care trend* 7.50% decreasing by 0.50% per year down to 6.50%, then by

0.10% per year down to 5.0%, and level thereafter

Dental care trend* Level at 5.00%

* implicit in this rate is an assumed rate of inflation of 3.00%

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

9. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

10. Risk Management

The Cedarburg School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the District is involved in legal actions, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. Legal actions are generally defended by the District's various insurance carriers, since most claims brought against the District are covered by insurance policies. In the opinion of District management, any legal actions and any other proceedings known to exist at June 30, 2016, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the District's financial position.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Teachers and administrators who are employed by the District as of June 30, 2016 are eligible to receive a bonus if they return to the District the following school year. In September 2016 the District paid out \$400,831 in bonuses and related benefits. Due to payments being contingent on the teacher returning the next fiscal year, this has not been accrued on the financial statements.

During the year ending June 30, 2016, the District approved reconstructing tennis courts at an estimated cost of \$450,194. At June 30, 2016, The District has paid \$12,663 on this project.

Subsequent to year-end, the District began a LED light conversion project. The project will take several years and is estimated to cost \$1.2 million.

12. Leases

The District leases multiple copiers. Payments on these leases for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$75,939. Future minimum payments under theses leases are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2017	\$ 99,795
2018	86,563
2019	70,616
2020	18,435
Total	\$ 275,409

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

13. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Financial Statements

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68
- Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans
- Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions
- Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures
- Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14
- Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split Interest Agreements
- Statement No. 82, Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73

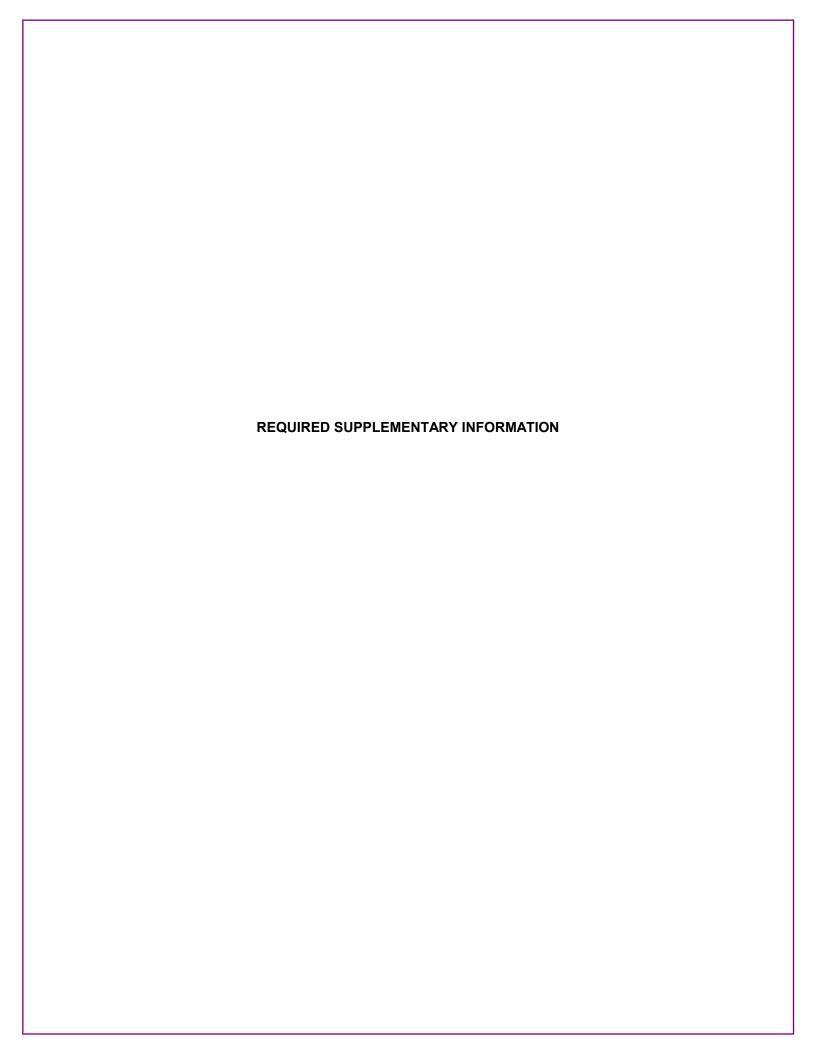
When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

14. GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 73 which will require the District to accrue their total unfunded pension (stipend) liability on their statement of net position, effective for the year ending June 30, 2017. GASB Statement No. 73 defines the liability as the actuarial present value of projected benefits. This statement will have a material effect on the District's pension (stipend) liability compared to what is accrued under current standards. As of July 1, 2015 (the most recent actuarial study) the District's total actuarial accrued pension (stipend) liability was \$562,908.

15. GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 75 which will require the District to accrue their net unfunded OPEB liability on their statement of net position, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 defines the liability as the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributable to past periods of employee service. As of July 1, 2015 (the most recent actuarial study) the District's total actuarial accrued OPEB liability, was \$8,109,754.



Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variance with

Final Budget Positive Original **Actual** (Negative) Final Revenues: Local \$ 19,950,846 \$ 19,960,361 \$ 19,960,248 \$ (113)Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin 1,055,600 1,055,600 1,049,647 (5,953)Intermediate sources 16,681 17,394 16,343 (1,051)State 9,400,772 9,428,942 9,445,372 16,430 Federal 229,237 229,237 211,693 (17,544)Other 44,000 44,000 55,675 11,675 30,697,136 3,444 **Total revenues** 30,735,534 30,738,978 **Expenditures:** Instruction: Current 16,087,937 16,156,635 15,833,435 323,200 Interdistrict 378,400 378,400 364,553 13,847 Capital outlay 6,838 (6,838)**Support Services:** Current 10,990,783 11,373,116 10,801,075 572,041 Capital outlay 485,767 393,209 443,520 (42,247)Debt service 17,000 9,678 17,000 7,322 **Total expenditures** 27,867,329 28,368,671 27,501,346 867,325 Excess of revenues over expenditures 2,829,807 2,366,863 3,237,632 870,769 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (3,065,345)(3,065,345)(2,905,945)159,400 Total other financing sources (uses) 159,400 (3,065,345)(3,065,345)(2,905,945)Special Items: Insurance proceeds for wind damage 22,837 22.837 Lawsuit settlement with WEA Trust 46,835 46,835 **Total special items** 69,672 69,672 Net change in fund balances (235,538)(698,482)401,359 1,099,841 Fund Balances - Beginning of year 8,507,239 8,507,239 8,507,239 Fund Balances - End of year \$ 8,271,701 \$ 7,808,757 \$ 8,908,598 \$ 1,099,841

See Independent Auditors' Report and Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variance with

				Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin	\$ 9,420	\$ 9,420	\$ 9,230	\$ (190)
Intermediate sources			576	576
State	1,055,290	1,055,290	1,058,890	3,600
Federal	744,910	744,910	620,918	(123,992)
Other			2,666	2,666
Total revenues	1,809,620	1,809,620	1,692,280	(117,340)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Current	3,609,892	3,624,312	3,448,553	175,759
Interdistrict	45,000	45,300	35,497	9,803
Capital outlay	20,000	5,210	5,030	180
Support Services:				
Current	1,200,073	1,200,143	1,109,145	90,998
Total expenditures	4,874,965	4,874,965	4,598,225	276,740
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(3,065,345	i) (3,065,345)	(2,905,945)	159,400
Other Financing Sources:				
Operating transfers in	3,065,345	3,065,345	2,905,945	(159,400)
Total other financing sources	3,065,345	3,065,345	2,905,945	(159,400)
Net change in fund balances				
Fund Balances - Beginning of year				
Fund Balances - End of year	\$		\$	\$

See Independent Auditors' Report and Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	sh	District's roportionate are of the net ension asset (liabiliy)	nate ne net nesset District's covered		Net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset (liability)
0.1241% 0.1258%	\$	(2,017,114) 3,089,553	\$	17,227,425 17,081,788	11.71% 18.09%	

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2016 2015

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	ntractually required ntributions	rela co	tributions in ation to the ntractually required ntributions	,	Contribution deficiency (excess)	istrict's covered- mployee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2016 2015	\$ 1,175,291 1,209,267	\$	1,175,291 1,209,267	\$		\$ 17,227,425 17,081,788	6.82% 7.08%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

^{*}GASB Pronouncement 68 requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

^{*}GASB Pronouncement 68 requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Funding Progress

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Val	ctuarial uation of n Assets	<u>Li</u>	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	<u>Li</u>	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued iability (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>		
Post-Employment	Healtho	are									
July 1, 2011	\$	91,971	\$	10,423,986	\$	10,332,015	0.9%	\$ 17,959,944	57.5%		
July 1, 2013		265,794		9,172,653		8,906,859	2.9%	17,848,235	49.9%		
July 1, 2015		446,288		8,109,754		7,663,466	5.5%	18,149,084	42.2%		
Supplemental Per	<u>nsion</u>										
July 1, 2011	\$		\$	1,065,416	\$	1,065,416	0.0%	\$ 17,959,944	5.9%		
July 1, 2013				825,478		825,478	0.0%	17,848,235	4.6%		
July 1, 2015				562,908		562,908	0.0%	18,149,084	3.1%		

^{1.} The data presented in this schedule was taken from the calculation prepared by the report issued by the actuary, except the covered payroll data which was supplied by the District.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Year Ended Annual Required June 30, Contribution				Actual Contribution	Percent <u>Contributed</u>
Post-Employment	Health	<u>care</u>			
2011	\$	1,192,540	\$	1,138,043	95.4%
2012		1,262,060		1,262,060	100.0%
2013		1,262,060		1,097,100	86.9%
2014		1,288,800		1,280,000	99.3%
2015		1,288,800		1,259,782	97.7%
2016		968,363		920,112	95.0%
Supplemental Per	nsion_				
2011	\$	137,698	\$	89,971	65.3%
2012		105,241		208,000	197.6%
2013		105,241		191,333	181.8%
2014		83,812		273,828	326.7%
2015		83,812		153,003	182.6%
2016		129,384		119,585	92.4%

See Independent Auditors' Report and Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2016

Note A – Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.D to the financial statements; however, the District adopts a budget for the special education fund which is reported with the general fund in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. An explanation of the differences between revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) for budgetary funds on budgetary fund basis and a GAAP general fund basis is summarized below

Revenues		General Fund		Special Education Fund
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$	30,738,978	\$	1,692,280
Reclassification of special education	•	1,692,280	·	(1,692,280)
Total revenues (GAAP)		32,431,258		
Expenditures Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		27,501,346		4,598,225
Reclassification of special education		4,598,225		(4,598,225)
Total expenditures (GAAP)		32,099,571		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		0.007.000		(0.005.045)
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		3,237,632		(2,905,945)
Reclassification of special education Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (GAAP)		(2,905,945) 331,687		2,905,945
Excess of revenues over (under) experior (GAAP)	_	331,001		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		(2,905,945)		2,905,945
Reclassification of special education		2,905,945		(2,905,945)
Total other financing sources (uses) (GAAP)	_			(2,505,545)
Special Items				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		69,672		
Reclassification of special education				
Total special items (GAAP)	_	69,672		
Net Change in Fund Balance		401,359		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)	_	401,339		
Fund Balance – Beginning of year Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)		8,507,239		
Fund Balance – End of year Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)	\$	8,908,598	\$	
, - ,	_	<u> </u>		

See Independent Auditors' Report.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note B - Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The following general fund functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2016:

General:

Vocational curriculum\$ 14,620Pupil services8,524Other support services25,483Other non-program transactions20,682

Special education:

Other non-program transactions 17,341

The excess expenditures were funded with existing fund balance.

Note C - Wisconsin Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. According to the WRS there were no changes in the assumptions.



Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

		Special					
	ı	Revenue	Debt	Food	C	ommunity	
	<u>Trust</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Service</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:	<u></u>						
Cash and equivalents	\$	83,240	\$ 382,029	\$ 462,015	\$	62,587	\$ 989,871
Investments			750				750
Accounts receivable				35,395		1,817	37,212
Due from other governments				3,583			3,583
Prepaid expense				33,401			33,401
Total assets	\$	83,240	\$ 382,779	\$ 534,394	\$	64,404	\$ 1,064,817
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Withholdings and related fringes payable Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$	745 745	\$ 	\$ 680 680	\$	2,023 549 3,611 6,183	\$ 3,448 549 3,611 7,608
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total fund balances		82,495 82,495	382,779 382,779	33,401 500,313 533,714		 58,221 58,221	33,401 965,587 58,221 1,057,209
. Sta. Idiid Saldiiooo		02,400	002,110	000,714		00,221	1,001,200
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	83,240	\$ 382,779	\$ 534,394	\$	64,404	\$ 1,064,817

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	5	Special					
	R	evenue	Debt	Food	C	ommunity	
		Trust	<u>Service</u>	<u>Service</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:							
Local	\$	51,016	\$ 2,220,787	\$ 692,524	\$	101,553	\$ 3,065,880
State				6,949			6,949
Federal				153,361			153,361
Total revenues		51,016	2,220,787	852,834		101,553	3,226,190
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Current		57,771					57,771
Capital outlay		10,685					10,685
Support Services:							
Current		17,853		732,240		96,719	846,812
Capital outlay				1,276			1,276
Debt service			1,930,220				1,930,220
Total expenditures		86,309	1,930,220	733,516		96,719	2,846,764
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(35,293)	290,567	119,318		4,834	379,426
Net change in fund balances		(35,293)	290,567	119,318		4,834	379,426
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		117,788	92,212	414,396		53,387	677,783
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	82,495	\$ 382,779	\$ 533,714	\$	58,221	\$ 1,057,209

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Agency Fund - Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2016

	E	Balance				Balance
	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2015	<u>Additions</u>		<u>6/30/16</u>	
Assets:						
Cash and equivalents	\$	263,260	\$ 623,791	\$	596,309	\$ 290,742
Investments		1,451	4			1,455
Total assets	\$	264,711	\$ 623,795	\$	596,309	\$ 292,197
Liabilities:						
Due to student groups:						
Cedarburg High School	\$	195,592	\$ 513,924	\$	491,906	\$ 217,610
Webster Middle School		66,790	108,687		102,074	73,403
Due to other funds		2,329	1,184		2,329	1,184
Total liabilities	\$	264,711	\$ 623,795	\$	596,309	\$ 292,197

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency Award Description	State I.D. <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>			State Disbursements/ Expenditures	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at <u>6/30/16</u>	Subrecipient <u>Awards</u>
Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction							
Special education and school-age parents **	255.101	451015-100	\$	\$ 1,052,902	\$ 1,052,902	\$	\$
State school lunch	255.102	451015-107		6,949	6,949		
Common school fund library aid	255.103	451015-104		128,170	128,170		
Pupil transportation	255.107	451015-102		36,603	36,603		
Equalization aids	255.201	451015-116	145,159	9,369,661	9,378,543	154,041	
High cost special education	255.210	451015-119		5,988	5,988		
Educator effectiveness grant	255.940	451015-154		18,320	18,320		
Per pupil adjustment aid Career and technical education incentive	255.945	451015-113			427,950	427,950	
grant	255.950	451015-151		19,827	19,827		
Passed through Hamilton School District:							
Peer review and mentoring	255.301	672420-141			12,500	12,500	
Passed through CESA 1:							
Transit special ed, school-age parents	255.101	749901-100		430	576	146	
Total Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction			145,159	10,638,850	11,088,328	594,637	
Total state assistance			\$ 145,159	\$ 10,638,850	\$ 11,088,328	\$ 594,637	\$

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ total DPI aidable expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$4,023,172.

See Independent Auditors' Report and accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency Award Description	Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	fying Revenue			<u>Receipts</u>		Federal sbursements/ Expenditures	(Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at 6/30/16	ecipient <u>vards</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:											
Child Nutrition Cluster:											
Donated Commodities - noncash	10.555	N/A	\$		\$	40,437	\$	40,437	\$		\$
Food Service Aid - Lunch	10.555	A547-00000-451015		5,665		115,006		112,924		3,583	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				5,665		155,443		153,361		3,583	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				5,665		155,443		153,361		3,583	
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:											
Title I-A Basic	84.010	A141-00000-451015		10,014		38,674		76,028		47,368	
Title II-A Teacher Principal Training	84.367	A365-00000-451015		8,188		42,528		42,745		8,405	
Special Education Cluster:											
IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173	A347-00000-451015		900		7,471		10,565		3,994	
High Cost Special Education	84.027	A341-00000-451015				4,073		4,073			
IDEA Flow Through	84.027	A341-00000-451015		97,391		641,432		610,609		66,568	
Total Special Education Cluster				98,291		652,976		625,247		70,562	
Passed through CESA #1:											
Title III Immigrant Children and Youth	84.365	A371-00000-749901				6,174		7,041		867	
Carl Perkins	84.048	A400-00000-749901				8,874		9,303		429	
Total U.S. Department of Education				116,493		749,226		760,364		127,631	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:											
Medical Assistance program	93.778	44217900		37,072		100,471		88,591		25,192	
Total Awards			\$	159,230	\$	1,005,140	\$	1,002,316	\$	156,406	\$

See Independent Auditors' Report and accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

June 30, 2016

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards (the Schedules) includes the federal and state award activity of the District under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Instruction. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies as well as federal and state financial awards passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Noncash Awards

The federal donated commodities in the Child Nutrition Cluster is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the Wisconsin Department of Instruction and transactions relating to this program are included in the District's basic financial statements. Commodities received during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. There are no balances outstanding as of June 30, 2016.

Thomas G. Wieland David A. Grotkin Joel A. Joyce Brian J. Mechenich



Carrie A. Gindt Patrick G. Hoffert Jason J. Wrasse Joshua T. Bierbach

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board Cedarburg School District Cedarburg, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cedarburg School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 06, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 06, 2016 Milwaukee, Wisconsin Thomas G. Wieland David A. Grotkin Joel A. Joyce Brian J. Mechenich



Carrie A. Gindt Patrick G. Hoffert Jason J. Wrasse Joshua T. Bierbach

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND WISCONSIN STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

To the School Board Cedarburg School District Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Cedarburg School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines that that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines. Those standards, Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for other purposes.

December 06, 2016 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Finding 2015-001

Department: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program

Federal ID Number: 93.778

Condition and Criteria: Following a directive issued by the Department of Public Instruction (DPI) in October 2007, all districts that are Medicaid-certified School-Based Services providers are required to have a signed and dated Consent to Bill Wisconsin Medicaid for Medically Related Special Education and Related Services, DPI form M-5, from the parent or guardian of a student with an Individualized Education Program (IEP) before claims for Medicaid services can be submitted. It was noted, in our testing, the District did not obtain a parent or guardian signed DPI form M-5 for two students in our sample of forty students. All costs claimed for these students would be unallowable.

Effect: Claiming unallowable costs may result in denial of Medicaid payment for the services.

Questioned Costs: Reimbursement of \$17,265.46

Cause: A spreadsheet with consent dates was submitted to MJ Care. Parent consent was never given for the two students in question and as such the date line for consent was left blank on the spreadsheet. Logs for all students receiving Medicaid eligible services were submitted to MJ Care for potential billing based upon eligibility. MJ Care submitted the claims, based on the logs, without verifying parental consent to bill had been obtained.

Recommendation: Prior to claiming costs, the District should review data to ensure they have the M-5 signed by the student's parent or guardian.

District's Response: The District uses a third-party billing administrator for SBS Medicaid services. To ensure that the billing administrator is aware of unsigned M-5 forms (parent refusals of Consent to Bill Medicaid), the Pupil Services secretary now contacts them via phone and email. This information is entered into their system immediately. The Pupil Services secretary does not provide logs to the billing administrator for students whose parents have refused consent. The District contact for DPI and the DHS is the Director of Pupil Services at 262-376-6142.

Status: The auditors randomly selected five students that had Medicaid-certified School Based Services billed and verified that a current signed and dated DPI form M-5 was on file. All students in the sample had the signed and dated form on file.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Finding 2015-002

Department: United States Department of Education

Program Name: Child Nutrition Cluster

Federal ID Number: 10.555

Condition and Criteria: Federal award guidelines require auditors to ascertain if the required eligibility determinations were performed and the individual was determined to be eligible in accordance with the eligibility guidelines published by the Wisconsin DPI. Per the DPI Eligibility Manual for School Meals, when a district receives an application with any other source categorical eligibility categories checked, the determining official must document eligibility for each child, prior to providing benefits. For four out of the forty-three students sampled, the District did not conduct and document verification of eligible categorical programs.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with federal guidelines related to determining eligibility for categorically eligible applications.

Questioned Costs: Undeterminable

Cause: The District did not conduct and document verification of eligible categorical programs and case numbers.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District review eligible categorical programs and establish procures for confirming the applicant's status.

District's Response: Specific guidelines have been written and will be followed by the Business Office secretary to ensure documentation for questionable applications is retained on file. The District contract for DPI is the Director of Business Services at 262-376-6114.

Status: The District submitted a corrective action plan to the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. This plan included procedures for verifying categorical eligibility. In addition, the business services assistant confirmed attendance at a school nutrition skills course that addressed determining categorical eligibility. In fiscal year 2016, only two pupils had categorical eligibility. The auditors examined the applications for the two pupils and concluded that the process of determining eligibility for categorically eligible applications was appropriate.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2016

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

					-
Fin	and	:ial	Stat	eme	nts

1. Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

A. Material weakness(es) identified? None Noted

B. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?

None Noted

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements? No

Federal Awards

4. Internal control over major programs:

A. Material weakness(es) identified? None Noted

B. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?

None Noted

5. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

No

No

7. Identification of major programs:

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
84.027 84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster: High Cost Special Education IDEA Flow Through IDEA Preschool Entitlement				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs					

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

A. Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

State Awards

10. Internal control over financial reporting:

A. Material weakness(es) identified?

None Noted

B. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?

None Noted

11. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

12. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines?

No

13. Identification of major state programs:

<u>State ID Number</u> 255.201 255.210 Name of State Program
Equalization Aid

High Cost Special Education Aid

B. Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

C. Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

Cedarburg, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Continued)

D. Other Issues

1.	statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
2.	Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material noncompliance, nonmaterial noncompliance, questioned costs, material weakness, reportable condition, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines:	
	Department of Public Instruction	No
3.	Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	Yes
4.	Name and signature of partner	Carrie A. Gindt
5.	Date of Report	December 06, 2016